Assembly Bill No. 1130

CHAPTER 626

An act to amend Sections 25270.2, 25270.3, 25270.6, 25270.8, 25270.12, 25270.13, 25404, 25404.1.1, 25404.5, and 25503.4 of, to add Section 25270.4.5 to, to repeal Sections 25270.1, 25270.7, and 25270.10 of, to repeal and add Sections 25270, 25270.4, 25270.5, and 25270.9 of, and to repeal, add, and repeal Section 25270.11 of, the Health and Safety Code, relating to aboveground storage tanks.

> [Approved by Governor October 13, 2007. Filed with Secretary of State October 13, 2007.]

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 1130, Laird. Aboveground storage tanks.

(1) Existing law requires the Secretary for Environmental Protection to implement a unified hazardous waste and hazardous materials management regulatory program. A city or local agency that meets specified requirements is authorized to apply to the secretary to implement the unified program, and every county is required to apply to the secretary to be certified to implement the unified program.

The Aboveground Petroleum Storage Act (Act) defines, for purposes of the act, a "storage tank" as any aboveground tank or container used for the storage of petroleum, except as specified. Existing law requires the State Water Resources Control Board and the California regional water quality control boards to administer the act with regard to a tank facility that is subject to specified federal regulations and requires a certified unified program agency to enforce the requirements of the act regarding a spill prevention control and countermeasure plan. Existing law imposes specified inspection and monitoring requirements upon the board and the regional boards with regard to these tanks and requires a tank facility owner or operator to file a storage statement with the board. Existing law establishes the Environmental Protection Trust Fund in the State Treasury and provides that the money in the fund is available for expenditure by the board, upon appropriation by the Legislature, for specified purposes.

This bill would instead require the unified program agencies (UPAs) to

implement that act, and would make conforming changes.

The bill would define the term "aboveground storage tank" and would revise the types of storage tanks subject to the act. A storage tank at a tank facility subject to specified federal regulations would be required to prepare a spill prevention control and countermeasure plan and a tank facility located on a farm, nursery, logging site, or construction site that is less than a specified capacity would be required to be subject to inspections and, if the UPA makes a certain determination, secondary containment requirements.

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The bill would require the UPA to inspect, at least once every 3 years, each storage tank within its jurisdiction that has a storage capacity of 10,000 gallons or more of petroleum, except as specified. The owner or operator of a tank facility would be required to file an annual tank facility statement with the local agency, with an exception, accompanied by a fee established by the UPA.

The board and the regional board would be authorized to oversee the cleanup or abatement efforts, or to cause cleanup or abatement efforts, with regard to a release from a storage tank at a tank facility.

Any expenses recovered by the board or a regional board in overseeing, or contracting for, a cleanup or abatement would be required to be deposited in the Waste Discharge Permit Fund, for expenditure by the board, upon appropriation by the Legislature, to assist the regional boards and other public agencies in cleaning up or abating the effects of waste on water and other specified purposes. The bill would require the deposited money to be separately accounted for.

The bill would impose a state-mandated local program by imposing new duties upon local agencies with regard to the regulation of aboveground storage tanks.

The bill would authorize the expenditure of a portion of the moneys in the Environmental Protection Trust Fund, upon appropriation by the Legislature, in an amount determined by the Secretary for Environmental Protection in consultation with the UPAs, to a training account established and maintained by the secretary to be used for purposes of training UPA personnel in the requirements of the act. The bill would allocate all remaining funds to the UPAs for expenditure to implement the act, but limit to 80% or less the allocation to a UPA in advance of actual expenditure by the UPA. Any funds remaining in the training account established by the secretary, or in the Environmental Protection Trust Fund, as of June 1, 2011, would be authorized to be expended by the UPAs to implement the act, upon appropriation by the Legislature. The Environmental Protection Trust Fund and the training account would be inoperative as of July 1, 2011, and would be repealed as of January 1, 2012.

The bill would also make conforming changes.

(2) The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

(3) This bill would also incorporate additional changes in Section 25404 of the Health and Safety Code proposed by AB 558, to be operative only if AB 558 and this bill are both enacted and become effective on or before January 1, 2008, and this bill is enacted last.

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The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Section 25270 of the Health and Safety Code is repealed.

- SEC. 2. Section 25270 is added to the Health and Safety Code, to read: 25270. This chapter shall be known and may be cited as the Aboveground Petroleum Storage Act.
 - SEC. 3. Section 25270.1 of the Health and Safety Code is repealed.
- SEC. 4. Section 25270.2 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:
 - 25270.2. For purposes of this chapter, the following definitions apply:
- (a) "Aboveground storage tank" or "storage tank" means a tank that has the capacity to store 55 gallons or more of petroleum and that is substantially or totally above the surface of the ground. "Aboveground storage tank" does not include any of the following:
- (1) A pressure vessel or boiler that is subject to Part 6 (commencing with Section 7620) of Division 5 of the Labor Code.
- (2) A tank containing hazardous waste, as defined in subdivision (g) of Section 25316, if the Department of Toxic Substances Control has issued the person owning or operating the tank a hazardous waste facilities permit for the storage tank.
- (3) An aboveground oil production tank that is subject to Section 3106 of the Public Resources Code.
- (4) Oil-filled electrical equipment, including, but not limited to, transformers, circuit breakers, or capacitors, if the oil-filled electrical equipment meets either of the following conditions:
 - (A) The equipment contains less than 10,000 gallons of dielectric fluid.
- (B) The equipment contains 10,000 gallons or more of dielectric fluid with PCB levels less than 50 parts per million, appropriate containment or diversionary structures or equipment are employed to prevent discharged oil from reaching a navigable water course, and the electrical equipment is visually inspected in accordance with the usual routine maintenance procedures of the owner or operator.
- (5) A tank regulated as an underground storage tank under Chapter 6.7 (commencing with Section 25280) and Chapter 16 (commencing with Section 2610) of Division 3 of Title 23 of the California Code of Regulations.
- (6) Any transportation-related tank facility, subject to the authority and control of the United States Department of Transportation, as defined in the Memorandum of Understanding between the Secretary of Transportation and the Administrator of the United States Environmental Protection Agency, dated November 24, 1971, set forth in Appendix A to Part 112 (commencing with Section 112.1) of Subchapter D of Chapter I of Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations.
 - (b) "Board" means the State Water Resources Control Board.
- (c) (1) "Certified Unified Program Agency" or "CUPA" means the agency certified by the Secretary for Environmental Protection to implement the unified program specified in Chapter 6.11 (commencing with Section 25404) within a jurisdiction.

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- (2) "Participating Agency" or "PA" means an agency that has a written agreement with the CUPA pursuant to subdivision (d) of Section 25404.3, and is approved by the secretary, to implement and enforce the unified program element specified in paragraph (2) of subdivision (c) of Section 25404, in accordance with Sections 25404.1 and 25404.2.
- (3) (A) "Unified Program Agency" or "UPA" means the CUPA, or its participating agencies to the extent that each PA has been designated by the CUPA, pursuant to a written agreement, to implement and enforce the unified program element specified in paragraph (2) of subdivision (c) of Section 25404. The UPAs have the responsibility and authority, to the extent provided by this chapter and Sections 25404.1 and 25404.2, to implement and enforce the requirements of this chapter.
- (B) After a CUPA has been certified by the secretary, the unified program agency shall be the only agency authorized to enforce the requirements of this chapter..
- (C) This paragraph shall not be construed to limit the authority or responsibility granted to the board and the regional boards by this chapter.
- (d) "Operator" means the person responsible for the overall operation of a tank facility.
- (e) "Owner" means the person who owns the tank facility or part of the tank facility.
- (f) "Person" means an individual, trust, firm, joint stock company, corporation, including a government corporation, partnership, limited liability company, or association. "Person" also includes any city, county, district, the University of California, the California State University, the state, any department or agency thereof, and the United States, to the extent authorized by federal law.
- (g) "Petroleum" means crude oil, or any fraction thereof, which is liquid at 60 degrees Fahrenheit temperature and 14.7 pounds per square inch absolute pressure.
- (h) "Regional board" means a California regional water quality control board.
- (i) "Release" means any spilling, leaking, pumping, pouring, emitting, emptying, discharging, escaping, leaching, or disposing into the environment.
 - (j) "Secretary" means the Secretary for Environmental Protection.
- (k) "Storage" or "store" means the containment, handling, or treatment of petroleum, for any period of time, including on a temporary basis.
- (l) "Storage capacity" means the aggregate capacity of all aboveground tanks at a tank facility.
- (m) "Tank facility" means any one, or combination of, aboveground storage tanks, including any piping that is integral to the tank, that contains petroleum and that is used by a single business entity at a single location or site. For purposes of this chapter, a pipe is integrally related to an aboveground storage tank if the pipe is connected to the tank and meets any of the following:
 - (1) The pipe is within the dike or containment area.

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- (2) The pipe is between the containment area and the first flange or valve outside the containment area.
- (3) The pipe is connected to the first flange or valve on the exterior of the tank, if state or federal law does not require a containment area.
- SEC. 5. Section 25270.3 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:
- 25270.3. A tank facility is subject to this chapter if the tank facility is subject to the oil pollution prevention regulations specified in Part 112 (commencing with Section 112.1) of Subchapter D of Chapter I of Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations or the tank facility has a storage capacity of 1,320 gallons or more of petroleum.
 - SEC. 6. Section 25270.4 of the Health and Safety Code is repealed.
- SEC. 7. Section 25270.4 is added to the Health and Safety Code, to read: 25270.4. This chapter shall be implemented by the Unified Program Agency. If there is no UPA, the agency authorized pursuant to subdivision (f) of Section 25404.3 shall be deemed to be the UPA for purposes of this chapter and shall implement this chapter.
- SEC. 8. Section 25270.4.5 is added to the Health and Safety Code, to read:
- 25270.4.5. (a) Except as provided in subdivision (b), each owner or operator of a storage tank at a tank facility subject to this chapter shall prepare a spill prevention control and countermeasure plan prepared in accordance with Part 112 (commencing with Section 112.1) of Subchapter D of Chapter I of Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations. Each owner or operator specified in this subdivision shall conduct periodic inspections of the storage tank to assure compliance with Section 112 (commencing with Section 112.1) of Subchapter D of Chapter I of Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations. In implementing the spill prevention control and countermeasure plan, each owner or operator specified in this subdivision shall fully comply with the latest version of the regulations contained in Part 112 (commencing with Section 112.1) of Subchapter D of Chapter I of Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations.
- (b) A tank facility located on a farm, nursery, logging site, or construction site is not subject to subdivision (a) if no storage tank at the location exceeds 20,000 gallons and the cumulative storage capacity of the tank facility does not exceed 100,000 gallons. The owner or operator of a tank facility exempt pursuant to this subdivision shall take the following actions:
- (1) Conduct a daily visual inspection of any storage tank storing petroleum.
 - (2) Allow the UPA to conduct a periodic inspection of the tank facility.
- (3) If the UPA determines installation of secondary containment is necessary for the protection of the waters of the state, install a secondary means of containment for each tank or group of tanks where the secondary containment will, at a minimum, contain the entire contents of the largest tank protected by the secondary containment plus precipitation.
 - SEC. 9. Section 25270.5 of the Health and Safety Code is repealed.

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- SEC. 10. Section 25270.5 is added to the Health and Safety Code, to read:
- 25270.5. (a) Except as provided in subdivision (b), at least once every three years, the UPA shall inspect each storage tank or a representative sampling of the storage tanks at each tank facility that has a storage capacity of 10,000 gallons or more of petroleum. The purpose of the inspection shall be to determine whether the owner or operator is in compliance with the spill prevention control and countermeasure plan requirements of this chapter.
- (b) The UPA may develop an alternative inspection and compliance plan, subject to approval by the secretary.
- (c) An inspection conducted pursuant to this section does not require the oversight of a professional engineer. The person conducting the inspection shall meet both of the following requirements:
- (1) Complete an aboveground storage tank training program, which shall be established by the secretary.
- (2) Satisfactorily pass an examination developed by the secretary on the spill prevention control and countermeasure plan provisions and safety requirements for aboveground storage tank inspections.
- SEC. 11. Section 25270.6 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:
- 25270.6. (a) (1) On or before January 1, 2009, and on or before January 1 annually thereafter, each owner or operator of a tank facility subject to this chapter shall file with the UPA a tank facility statement that shall identify the name and address of the tank facility, a contact person for the tank facility, the total storage capacity of the tank facility, and the location, size, age, and contents of each storage tank that exceeds 10,000 gallons in capacity and that holds a substance containing at least 5 percent of petroleum. A copy of a statement submitted previously pursuant to this section may be submitted in lieu of a new tank facility statement if no new or used storage tanks have been added to the facility or if no significant modifications have been made. For purposes of this section, a significant modification includes, but is not limited to, altering existing storage tanks or changing spill prevention or containment methods.
- (2) Notwithstanding paragraph (1), an owner or operator of a tank facility that submits a business plan, as defined in subdivision (e) of Section 25501, to the UPA, and that complies with Sections 25503.5, 25505, and 25510, satisfies the requirement in paragraph (1) to file a tank facility statement.
- (b) Each year, commencing in calendar year 2010, each owner or operator of a tank facility who is subject to the requirements of subdivision (a) shall pay a fee to the UPA, on or before a date specified by the UPA. The governing body of the UPA shall establish a fee, as part of the single fee system implemented pursuant to Section 25404.5, at a level sufficient to pay the necessary and reasonable costs incurred by the UPA in administering this chapter, including, but not limited to, inspections, enforcement, and administrative costs. The UPA shall also implement the fee accountability program established pursuant to subdivision (c) of Section 25404.5 and the

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regulations adopted to implement that program. The UPA may provide for a waiver of these fees when a state or local government agency submits a tank facility statement.

- SEC. 12. Section 25270.7 of the Health and Safety Code is repealed.
- SEC. 13. Section 25270.8 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:
- 25270.8. Each owner or operator of a tank facility shall immediately, upon discovery, notify the Office of Emergency Services and the UPA using the appropriate 24-hour emergency number or the 911 number, as established by the UPA, or by the governing body of the UPA, of the occurrence of a spill or other release of one barrel (42 gallons) or more of petroleum that is required to be reported pursuant to subdivision (a) of Section 13272 of the Water Code.
 - SEC. 14. Section 25270.9 of the Health and Safety Code is repealed.
- SEC. 15. Section 25270.9 is added to the Health and Safety Code, to read:
- 25270.9. (a) The board and the regional board may oversee cleanup or abatement efforts, or cause cleanup or abatement efforts, of a release from a storage tank at a tank facility.
- (b) The reasonable expenses of the board and the regional board incurred in overseeing, or contracting for, cleanup or abatement efforts that result from a release at a tank facility is a charge against the owner or operator of the tank facility. Expenses reimbursable to a public agency under this section are a debt of the tank facility owner or operator, and shall be collected in the same manner as in the case of an obligation under a contract, express or implied.
- (c) Expenses recovered by the board or a regional board pursuant to this section shall be deposited into the Waste Discharge Permit Fund. These moneys shall be separately accounted for, and shall be expended by the board, upon appropriation by the Legislature, to assist regional boards and other public agencies with authority to clean up waste or abate the effects of the waste, in cleaning up or abating the effects of the waste on waters of the state, or for the purposes authorized in Section 13443.
 - SEC. 16. Section 25270.10 of the Health and Safety Code is repealed.
 - SEC. 17. Section 25270.11 of the Health and Safety Code is repealed.
- SEC. 18. Section 25270.11 is added to the Health and Safety Code, to read:
- 25270.11. (a) All moneys in the Environmental Protection Trust Fund may be expended, upon appropriation by the Legislature, in the following manner:
- (1) A portion of the funds, in an amount determined by the secretary in consultation with the UPAs, to a training account established and maintained by the secretary, to be used for purposes of training UPA personnel in the requirements of this chapter.
- (2) All remaining funds in the Environmental Protection Trust Fund, shall be allocated to the UPAs, in accordance with a formula and process determined by the secretary in consultation with the UPAs. The UPAs shall

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expend those funds for the purpose of implementing this chapter. Eighty percent or less of each UPA's allocation may be distributed to the UPA in advance of actual expenditure by the UPA.

- (b) All moneys remaining in the training account established pursuant to paragraph (1) of subdivision (a), as of June 1, 2011, may be expended pursuant to paragraph (2) of subdivision (a), upon appropriation by the Legislature.
- (c) All moneys remaining in the Environmental Protection Trust Fund that have not been expended, as of June 1, 2011, shall be expended pursuant to paragraph (2) of subdivision (a), upon appropriation by the Legislature.
- (d) This section shall become inoperative on July 1, 2011, and, as of January 1, 2012, is repealed, unless a later enacted statute, that becomes operative on or before January 1, 2012, deletes or extends the dates on which it becomes inoperative and is repealed.
- SEC. 19. Section 25270.12 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:
- 25270.12. (a) Any owner or operator of a tank facility who fails to prepare a spill prevention control and countermeasure plan in compliance with subdivision (a) of Section 25270.4.5, to file a tank facility statement pursuant to subdivision (a) of Section 25270.6, to submit the fee required by subdivision (b) of Section 25270.6, to report spills as required by Section 25270.8, or otherwise to comply with the requirements of this chapter, is subject to a civil penalty of not more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000) for each day on which the violation continues. If the owner or operator commits a second or subsequent violation, a civil penalty of not more than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) for each day on which the violation continues may be imposed.
- (b) (1) The civil penalties provided by this section may be assessed and recovered in a civil action brought by the city attorney or district attorney on behalf of the UPA.
- (2) Fifty percent of all penalties assessed and recovered in a civil action brought on behalf of a UPA pursuant to this subdivision shall be deposited into a unified program account established by the UPA for the purpose of carrying out the functions of the unified program and 50 percent shall be paid to the office of the city attorney or district attorney, whoever brought that action.
- (c) (1) The civil penalties provided in this section may be assessed and recovered in a civil action brought by the Attorney General on behalf of the board or a regional board, or on behalf of the people of the State of California.
- (2) All penalties assessed and recovered in a civil action brought pursuant to this subdivision shall be deposited in the Waste Discharge Permit Fund. These moneys shall be separately accounted for, and shall be expended by the board, upon appropriation by the Legislature, to assist regional boards and other public agencies with authority to clean up waste or abate the effects of the waste, in cleaning up or abating the effects of the waste on waters of the state, or for the purposes authorized in Section 13443.

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- (d) The city attorney, district attorney, or the Attorney General may seek to enjoin, in any court of competent jurisdiction, any person believed to be in violation of this chapter.
- (e) The penalties specified in this section are in addition to any other penalties provided by law.
- SEC. 20. Section 25270.13 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:
- 25270.13. (a) This chapter does not preempt local storage tank ordinances, in effect as of August 16, 1989, that meet or exceed the standards prescribed by this chapter.
- (b) This chapter does not preempt the authority granted to the board and the regional boards under the Porter Cologne Water Quality Control Act (Division 7 (commencing with Section 13000) of the Water Code).
- SEC. 21. Section 25404 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:
- 25404. (a) For purposes of this chapter, the following terms shall have the following meanings:
- (1) (A) "Certified Unified Program Agency" or "CUPA" means the agency certified by the secretary to implement the unified program specified in this chapter within a jurisdiction.
- (B) "Participating Agency" or "PA" means a state or local agency that has a written agreement with the CUPA pursuant to subdivision (d) of Section 25404.3, and is approved by the secretary, to implement or enforce one or more of the unified program elements specified in subdivision (c), in accordance with Sections 25404.1 and 25404.2.
- (C) "Unified Program Agency" or "UPA" means the CUPA, or its participating agencies to the extent each PA has been designated by the CUPA, pursuant to a written agreement, to implement or enforce a particular unified program element specified in subdivision (c). The UPAs have the responsibility and authority to implement and enforce the requirements listed in subdivision (c), and the regulations adopted to implement the requirements listed in subdivision (c), to the extent provided by Chapter 6.5 (commencing with Section 25100), Chapter 6.67 (commencing with Section 25270), Chapter 6.7 (commencing with Section 25280), Chapter 6.95 (commencing with Section 25500), and Sections 25404.1 and 25404.2. After a CUPA has been certified by the secretary, the unified program agencies and the state agencies carrying out responsibilities under this chapter shall be the only agencies authorized to enforce the requirements listed in subdivision (c) within the jurisdiction of the CUPA.
 - (2) "Department" means the Department of Toxic Substances Control.
- (3) "Minor violation" means the failure of a person to comply with any requirement or condition of any applicable law, regulation, permit, information request, order, variance, or other requirement, whether procedural or substantive, of the unified program that the UPA is authorized to implement or enforce pursuant to this chapter, and that does not otherwise include any of the following:

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- (A) A violation that results in injury to persons or property, or that presents a significant threat to human health or the environment.
 - (B) A knowing, willful, or intentional violation.
- (C) A violation that is a chronic violation, or that is committed by a recalcitrant violator. In determining whether a violation is chronic or a violator is recalcitrant, the UPA shall consider whether there is evidence indicating that the violator has engaged in a pattern of neglect or disregard with respect to applicable regulatory requirements.
- (D) A violation that results in an emergency response from a public safety agency.
- (E) A violation that enables the violator to benefit economically from the noncompliance, either by reduced costs or competitive advantage.
 - (F) A class I violation as provided in Section 25117.6.
- (G) A class II violation committed by a chronic or a recalcitrant violator, as provided in Section 25117.6.
- (H) A violation that hinders the ability of the UPA to determine compliance with any other applicable local, state, or federal rule, regulation, information request, order, variance, permit, or other requirement.
 - (4) "Secretary" means the Secretary for Environmental Protection.
- (5) "Unified program facility" means all contiguous land and structures, other appurtenances, and improvements on the land that are subject to the requirements listed in subdivision (c).
- (6) "Unified program facility permit" means a permit issued pursuant to this chapter. For the purposes of this chapter, a unified program facility permit encompasses the permitting requirements of Section 25284, and any permit or authorization requirements under any local ordinance or regulation relating to the generation or handling of hazardous waste or hazardous materials, but does not encompass the permitting requirements of a local ordinance that incorporates provisions of the Uniform Fire Code or the Uniform Building Code.
- (b) The secretary shall adopt implementing regulations and implement a unified hazardous waste and hazardous materials management regulatory program, which shall be known as the unified program, after holding an appropriate number of public hearings throughout the state. The unified program shall be developed in close consultation with the director, the Director of the Office of Emergency Services, the State Fire Marshal, the executive officers and chairpersons of the State Water Resources Control Board and the California regional water quality control boards, the local health officers, local fire services, and other appropriate officers of interested local agencies, and affected businesses and interested members of the public, including environmental organizations.
- (c) The unified program shall consolidate the administration of the following requirements, and shall, to the maximum extent feasible within statutory constraints, ensure the coordination and consistency of any regulations adopted pursuant to those requirements:
- (1) (A) Except as provided in subparagraphs (B) and (C), the requirements of Chapter 6.5 (commencing with Section 25100), and the

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regulations adopted by the department pursuant thereto, are applicable to all of the following:

- (i) Hazardous waste generators, persons operating pursuant to a permit-by-rule, conditional authorization, or conditional exemption, pursuant to Chapter 6.5 (commencing with Section 25100) or the regulations adopted by the department.
 - (ii) Persons managing perchlorate materials.
- (iii) Persons subject to Article 10.1 (commencing with Section 25211) of Chapter 6.5.
- (B) The unified program shall not include the requirements of paragraph (3) of subdivision (c) of Section 25200.3, the requirements of Sections 25200.10 and 25200.14, and the authority to issue an order under Sections 25187 and 25187.1, with regard to those portions of a unified program facility that are subject to one of the following:
- (i) A corrective action order issued by the department pursuant to Section 25187.
- (ii) An order issued by the department pursuant to Chapter 6.8 (commencing with Section 25300) or Chapter 6.85 (commencing with Section 25396).
- (iii) A remedial action plan approved pursuant to Chapter 6.8 (commencing with Section 25300) or Chapter 6.85 (commencing with Section 25396).
- (iv) A cleanup and abatement order issued by a California regional water quality control board pursuant to Section 13304 of the Water Code, to the extent that the cleanup and abatement order addresses the requirements of the applicable section or sections listed in this subparagraph.
- (v) Corrective action required under subsection (u) of Section 6924 of Title 42 of the United States Code or subsection (h) of Section 6928 of Title 42 of the United States Code.
- (vi) An environmental assessment pursuant to Section 25200.14 or a corrective action pursuant to Section 25200.10 or paragraph (3) of subdivision (c) of Section 25200.3, that is being overseen by the department.
- (C) The unified program shall not include the requirements of Chapter 6.5 (commencing with Section 25100), and the regulations adopted by the department pursuant thereto, applicable to persons operating transportable treatment units, except that any required notice regarding transportable treatment units shall also be provided to the CUPAs.
- (2) The requirements of Chapter 6.67 (commencing with Section 25270) concerning aboveground storage tanks.
- (3) (A) Except as provided in subparagraphs (B) and (C), the requirements of Chapter 6.7 (commencing with Section 25280) concerning underground storage tanks and the requirements of any underground storage tank ordinance adopted by a city or county.
- (B) The unified program may not include the responsibilities assigned to the State Water Resources Control Board pursuant to Section 25297.1.
- (C) The unified program may not include the corrective action requirements of Sections 25296.10 to 25296.40, inclusive.

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(4) The requirements of Article 1 (commencing with Section 25500) of Chapter 6.95 concerning hazardous material release response plans and inventories.

- (5) The requirements of Article 2 (commencing with Section 25531) of Chapter 6.95, concerning the accidental release prevention program.
- (6) The requirements of subdivisions (b) and (c) of Section 80.103 of the Uniform Fire Code, as adopted by the State Fire Marshal pursuant to Section 13143.9 concerning hazardous material management plans and inventories.
- (d) To the maximum extent feasible within statutory constraints, the secretary shall consolidate, coordinate, and make consistent these requirements of the unified program with other requirements imposed by other federal, state, regional, or local agencies upon facilities regulated by the unified program.
- (e) (1) The secretary shall establish standards applicable to CUPAs, participating agencies, state agencies, and businesses specifying the data to be collected and submitted by unified program agencies in administering the programs listed in subdivision (c). Those standards shall incorporate any standard developed under Section 25503.3.
- (2) The secretary shall establish an electronic geographic information management system capable of receiving all data collected by the unified program agencies pursuant to this subdivision and Section 25504.1. The secretary shall make all nonconfidential data available on the Internet.
- (3) (A) As funding becomes available, the secretary shall establish, consistent with paragraph (2), and thereafter maintain, a statewide database.
- (B) The secretary, or one or more of the boards, departments, or offices within the California Environmental Protection Agency, shall seek available federal funding for purposes of implementing this subdivision.
- (4) Once the statewide database is established, the secretary shall work with the CUPAs to develop a phased-in schedule for the electronic collection and submittal of information to be included in the statewide database, giving first priority to information relating to those chemicals determined by the secretary to be of greatest concern. The secretary, in making this determination shall consult with the CUPAs, the Office of Emergency Services, the State Fire Marshal, and the boards, departments, and offices within the California Environmental Protection Agency. The information initially included in the statewide database shall include, but is not limited to, the hazardous materials inventory information required to be submitted pursuant to Section 25504.1 for perchlorate materials.
- SEC. 21.5. Section 25404 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:
- 25404. (a) For purposes of this chapter, the following terms shall have the following meanings:
- (1) (A) "Certified Unified Program Agency" or "CUPA" means the agency certified by the secretary to implement the unified program specified in this chapter within a jurisdiction.

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- (B) "Participating Agency" or "PA" means a state or local agency that has a written agreement with the CUPA pursuant to subdivision (d) of Section 25404.3, and is approved by the secretary, to implement or enforce one or more of the unified program elements specified in subdivision (c), in accordance with Sections 25404.1 and 25404.2.
- (C) "Unified Program Agency" or "UPA" means the CUPA, or its participating agencies to the extent each PA has been designated by the CUPA, pursuant to a written agreement, to implement or enforce a particular unified program element specified in subdivision (c). The UPAs have the responsibility and authority to implement and enforce the requirements listed in subdivision (c), and the regulations adopted to implement the requirements listed in subdivision (c), to the extent provided by Chapter 6.5 (commencing with Section 25100), Chapter 6.67 (commencing with Section 25270), Chapter 6.7 (commencing with Section 25280), Chapter 6.95 (commencing with Section 25500), and Sections 25404.1 and 25404.2. After a CUPA has been certified by the secretary, the unified program agencies and the state agencies carrying out responsibilities under this chapter shall be the only agencies authorized to enforce the requirements listed in subdivision (c) within the jurisdiction of the CUPA.
 - (2) "Department" means the Department of Toxic Substances Control.
- (3) "Minor violation" means the failure of a person to comply with any requirement or condition of any applicable law, regulation, permit, information request, order, variance, or other requirement, whether procedural or substantive, of the unified program that the UPA is authorized to implement or enforce pursuant to this chapter, and that does not otherwise include any of the following:
- (A) A violation that results in injury to persons or property, or that presents a significant threat to human health or the environment.
 - (B) A knowing, willful, or intentional violation.
- (C) A violation that is a chronic violation, or that is committed by a recalcitrant violator. In determining whether a violation is chronic or a violator is recalcitrant, the UPA shall consider whether there is evidence indicating that the violator has engaged in a pattern of neglect or disregard with respect to applicable regulatory requirements.
- (D) A violation that results in an emergency response from a public safety agency.
- (E) A violation that enables the violator to benefit economically from the noncompliance, either by reduced costs or competitive advantage.
 - (F) A class I violation as provided in Section 25117.6.
- (G) A class II violation committed by a chronic or a recalcitrant violator, as provided in Section 25117.6.
- (H) A violation that hinders the ability of the UPA to determine compliance with any other applicable local, state, or federal rule, regulation, information request, order, variance, permit, or other requirement.
 - (4) "Secretary" means the Secretary for Environmental Protection.

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- (5) "Unified program facility" means all contiguous land and structures, other appurtenances, and improvements on the land that are subject to the requirements listed in subdivision (c).
- (6) "Unified program facility permit" means a permit issued pursuant to this chapter. For the purposes of this chapter, a unified program facility permit encompasses the permitting requirements of Section 25284, and any permit or authorization requirements under any local ordinance or regulation relating to the generation or handling of hazardous waste or hazardous materials, but does not encompass the permitting requirements of a local ordinance that incorporates provisions of the Uniform Fire Code or the Uniform Building Code.
- (b) The secretary shall adopt implementing regulations and implement a unified hazardous waste and hazardous materials management regulatory program, which shall be known as the unified program, after holding an appropriate number of public hearings throughout the state. The unified program shall be developed in close consultation with the director, the Director of the Office of Emergency Services, the State Fire Marshal, the executive officers and chairpersons of the State Water Resources Control Board and the California regional water quality control boards, the local health officers, local fire services, and other appropriate officers of interested local agencies, and affected businesses and interested members of the public, including environmental organizations.
- (c) The unified program shall consolidate the administration of the following requirements, and shall, to the maximum extent feasible within statutory constraints, ensure the coordination and consistency of any regulations adopted pursuant to those requirements:
- (1) (A) Except as provided in subparagraphs (B) and (C), the requirements of Chapter 6.5 (commencing with Section 25100), and the regulations adopted by the department pursuant thereto, are applicable to all of the following:
- (i) Hazardous waste generators, persons operating pursuant to a permit-by-rule, conditional authorization, or conditional exemption, pursuant to Chapter 6.5 (commencing with Section 25100) or the regulations adopted by the department.
 - (ii) Persons managing perchlorate materials.
- (iii) Persons subject to Article 10.1 (commencing with Section 25211) of Chapter 6.5.
- (B) The unified program shall not include the requirements of paragraph (3) of subdivision (c) of Section 25200.3, the requirements of Sections 25200.10 and 25200.14, and the authority to issue an order under Sections 25187 and 25187.1, with regard to those portions of a unified program facility that are subject to one of the following:
- (i) A corrective action order issued by the department pursuant to Section 25187.
- (ii) An order issued by the department pursuant to Chapter 6.8 (commencing with Section 25300) or Chapter 6.85 (commencing with Section 25396).

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- (iii) A remedial action plan approved pursuant to Chapter 6.8 (commencing with Section 25300) or Chapter 6.85 (commencing with Section 25396).
- (iv) A cleanup and abatement order issued by a California regional water quality control board pursuant to Section 13304 of the Water Code, to the extent that the cleanup and abatement order addresses the requirements of the applicable section or sections listed in this subparagraph.
- (v) Corrective action required under subsection (u) of Section 6924 of Title 42 of the United States Code or subsection (h) of Section 6928 of Title 42 of the United States Code.
- (vi) An environmental assessment pursuant to Section 25200.14 or a corrective action pursuant to Section 25200.10 or paragraph (3) of subdivision (c) of Section 25200.3, that is being overseen by the department.
- (C) The unified program shall not include the requirements of Chapter 6.5 (commencing with Section 25100), and the regulations adopted by the department pursuant thereto, applicable to persons operating transportable treatment units, except that any required notice regarding transportable treatment units shall also be provided to the CUPAs.
- (2) The requirements of Chapter 6.67 (commencing with Section 25270) concerning aboveground storage tanks.
- (3) (A) Except as provided in subparagraphs (B) and (C), the requirements of Chapter 6.7 (commencing with Section 25280) concerning underground storage tanks and the requirements of any underground storage tank ordinance adopted by a city or county.
- (B) The unified program may not include the responsibilities assigned to the State Water Resources Control Board pursuant to Section 25297.1.
- (C) The unified program may not include the corrective action requirements of Sections 25296.10 to 25296.40, inclusive.
- (4) The requirements of Article 1 (commencing with Section 25500) of Chapter 6.95 concerning hazardous material release response plans and inventories.
- (5) The requirements of Article 2 (commencing with Section 25531) of Chapter 6.95, concerning the accidental release prevention program.
- (6) The requirements of subdivisions (b) and (c) of Section 80.103 of the Uniform Fire Code, as adopted by the State Fire Marshal pursuant to Section 13143.9 concerning hazardous material management plans and inventories.
- (d) To the maximum extent feasible within statutory constraints, the secretary shall consolidate, coordinate, and make consistent these requirements of the unified program with other requirements imposed by other federal, state, regional, or local agencies upon facilities regulated by the unified program.
- (e) (1) The secretary shall establish standards applicable to CUPAs, participating agencies, state agencies, and businesses specifying the data to be collected and submitted by unified program agencies in administering the programs listed in subdivision (c). Those standards shall incorporate any standard developed under Section 25503.3.

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- (2) (A) The secretary shall establish an electronic geographic information management system capable of receiving all data collected by the unified program agencies pursuant to this subdivision and Section 25504.1. The secretary shall make all nonconfidential data available on the Internet to the maximum extent feasible within the constraints of federal and state statutes, and consistent with Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 of Title 1 of the Government Code.
- (B) For the hazardous materials inventory information required to be submitted pursuant to Section 25509, any claims by a business that the information is a trade secret as that term is defined in Section 6254.7 of the Government Code and Section 1060 of the Evidence Code shall be handled in accordance with the provisions of Section 25511.
- (3) (A) To the extent funding is available by January 1, 2010, the secretary shall establish, consistent with paragraph (2), and thereafter maintain, a statewide database.
- (B) The secretary, or one or more of the boards, departments, or offices within the California Environmental Protection Agency, shall seek available federal funding for purposes of implementing this subdivision.
- (4) Once the statewide database is established, the secretary shall work with the CUPAs to develop a phased-in schedule for the electronic collection and submittal of information to be included in the statewide database, giving first priority to information relating to those chemicals determined by the secretary to be of greatest concern. The secretary, in making this determination shall consult with the CUPAs, the Office of Emergency Services, the State Fire Marshal, and the boards, departments, and offices within the California Environmental Protection Agency. The information initially included in the statewide database shall include, but is not limited to, the hazardous materials inventory information required to be submitted pursuant to Section 25504.1 for perchlorate materials and Section 25509 for all hazardous materials.
- (5) Using information required to be submitted pursuant to Section 25509 that is part of the statewide database, within six months of the establishment of the statewide database pursuant to subparagraph (A) of paragraph (3), the department shall develop and post on its Internet Web site baseline hazardous materials use information, and shall update that information at least annually. The department shall develop its hazardous materials use baseline information in consultation with the Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment consistent with the environmental protection indicators developed pursuant to Chapter 4 (commencing with Section 71080) of Part 2 of Division 34 of the Public Resources Code.
- SEC. 22. Section 25404.1.1 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:
- 25404.1.1. (a) If the unified program agency determines that a person has committed, or is committing, a violation of any law, regulation, permit, information request, order, variance, or other requirement that the UPA is authorized to enforce or implement pursuant to this chapter, the UPA may issue an administrative enforcement order requiring that the violation be

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corrected and imposing an administrative penalty, in accordance with the following:

- (1) Except as provided in paragraph (5), if the order is for a violation of Chapter 6.5 (commencing with Section 25100), the violator shall be subject to the applicable administrative penalties provided by that chapter.
- (2) If the order is for a violation of Chapter 6.7 (commencing with Section 25280), the violator shall be subject to the applicable civil penalties provided in subdivisions (a), (b), (c), and (e) of Section 25299.
- (3) If the order is for a violation of Article 1 (commencing with Section 25500) of Chapter 6.95, the violator shall be subject to a penalty that is consistent with the administrative penalties imposed pursuant to Section 25514.5.
- (4) If the order is for a violation of Article 2 (commencing with Section 25531) of Chapter 6.95, the violator shall be subject to a penalty that is consistent with the administrative penalties imposed pursuant to Section 25540 or 25540.5.
- (5) If the order is for a violation of Section 25270.4.5, the violator shall be liable for a penalty of not more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000) for each day on which the violation continues. If the violator commits a second or subsequent violation, a penalty of not more than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) for each day on which the violation continues may be imposed.
- (b) In establishing a penalty amount and ordering that the violation be corrected pursuant to this section, the UPA shall take into consideration the nature, circumstances, extent, and gravity of the violation, the violator's past and present efforts to prevent, abate, or clean up conditions posing a threat to the public health or safety or the environment, the violator's ability to pay the penalty, and the deterrent effect that the imposition of the penalty would have on both the violator and the regulated community.
- (c) Any order issued pursuant to this section shall be served by personal service or certified mail and shall inform the person served of the right to a hearing. If the UPA issues an order pursuant to this section, the order shall state whether the hearing procedure specified in paragraph (2) of subdivision (e) may be requested by the person receiving the order.
- (d) Any person served with an order pursuant to this section who has been unable to resolve any violation with the UPA, may within 15 days after service of the order, request a hearing pursuant to subdivision (e) by filing with the UPA a notice of defense. The notice shall be filed with the office that issued the order. A notice of defense shall be deemed filed within the 15-day period provided by this subdivision if it is postmarked within that 15-day period. If no notice of defense is filed within the time limits provided by this subdivision, the order shall become final.
- (e) Except as provided in subparagraph (B) of paragraph (2), a person requesting a hearing on an order issued by the UPA under this section may select the hearing officer specified in either paragraph (1) or (2) in the notice of defense filed with the UPA pursuant to subdivision (d). If a notice of defense is filed but no hearing officer is selected, the UPA may select the

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hearing officer. Within 90 days of receipt of the notice of defense by the UPA, the hearing shall be scheduled using one of the following:

- (1) An administrative law judge of the Office of Administrative Hearings of the Department of General Services, who shall conduct the hearing in accordance with Chapter 4.5 (commencing with Section 11400) of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code, and the UPA shall have all the authority granted to an agency by those provisions.
- (2) (A) A hearing officer designated by the UPA, who shall conduct the hearing in accordance with Chapter 4.5 (commencing with Section 11400) of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code, and the UPA shall have all the authority granted to an agency by those provisions. When a hearing is conducted by a UPA hearing officer pursuant to this paragraph, the UPA shall issue a decision within 60 days after the hearing is conducted. Each hearing officer designated by a UPA shall meet the requirements of Section 11425.30 of the Government Code and any other applicable restriction.
- (B) A UPA, or a person requesting a hearing on an order issued by a UPA may select the hearing process specified in this paragraph in a notice of defense filed pursuant to subdivision (d) only if the UPA has, as of the date the order is issued pursuant to subdivision (c), selected a designated hearing officer and established a program for conducting a hearing in accordance with this paragraph.
- (f) The hearing decision issued pursuant to paragraph (2) of subdivision (e) shall be effective and final upon issuance by the UPA. A copy of the decision shall be served by personal service or by certified mail upon the party served with the order, or their representative, if any.
- (g) Any provision of an order issued under this section, except the imposition of an administrative penalty, shall take effect upon issuance by the UPA if the UPA finds that the violation or violations of law associated with that provision may pose an imminent and substantial endangerment to the public health or safety or the environment. A request for a hearing shall not stay the effect of that provision of the order pending a hearing decision. However, if the UPA determines that any or all provisions of the order are so related that the public health or safety or the environment can be protected only by immediate compliance with the order as a whole, the order as a whole, except the imposition of an administrative penalty, shall take effect upon issuance by the UPA. A request for a hearing shall not stay the effect of the order as a whole pending a hearing decision.
- (h) A decision issued pursuant to paragraph (2) of subdivision (e) may be reviewed by a court pursuant to Section 11523 of the Government Code. In all proceedings pursuant to this section, the court shall uphold the decision of the UPA if the decision is based upon substantial evidence in the record as a whole. The filing of a petition for writ of mandate shall not stay any action required pursuant to this chapter or the accrual of any penalties assessed pursuant to this chapter. This subdivision does not prohibit the court from granting any appropriate relief within its jurisdiction.

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- (i) All administrative penalties collected from actions brought by a UPA pursuant to this section shall be paid to the UPA that imposed the penalty, and shall be deposited into a special account that shall be expended to fund the activities of the UPA in enforcing this chapter.
- (j) The UPA shall consult with the district attorney, county counsel, or city attorney on the development of policies to be followed in exercising the authority delegated pursuant to this section as it relates to the authority of the UPA to issue orders.
- (k) (1) A unified program agency may suspend or revoke any unified program facility permit, or an element of a unified program facility permit, for not paying the permit fee or a fine or penalty associated with the permit in accordance with the procedures specified in this subdivision.
- (2) If a permittee does not comply with a written notice from the unified program agency to the permittee to make the payments specified in paragraph (1) by the required date provided in the notice, the unified program agency may suspend or revoke the permit or permit element. If the permit or permit element is suspended or revoked, the permittee shall immediately discontinue operating that facility or function of the facility to which the permit element applies until the permit is reinstated or reissued.
- (3) A permittee may request a hearing to appeal the suspension or revocation of a permit or element of a permit pursuant to this subdivision by requesting a hearing using the procedures provided in subdivision (d).
 - (l) This section does not do any of the following:
- (1) Otherwise affect the authority of a UPA to take any other action authorized by any other provision of law, except the UPA shall not require a person to pay a penalty pursuant to this section and pursuant to a local ordinance for the same violation.
- (2) Restrict the power of a city attorney, district attorney, county counsel, or the Attorney General to bring, in the name of the people of California, any criminal proceeding otherwise authorized by law.
- (3) Prevent the UPA from cooperating with, or participating in, a proceeding specified in paragraph (2).
- SEC. 23. Section 25404.5 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:
- 25404.5. (a) (1) Each certified unified program agency shall institute a single fee system, which shall replace the fees levied pursuant to Sections 25201.14 and 25205.14, except for transportable treatment units permitted under Section 25200.2, and which shall also replace any fees levied by a local agency pursuant to Sections 25143.10, 25287, 25513, and 25535.5, or any other fee levied by a local agency specifically to fund the implementation of the provisions specified in subdivision (c) of Section 25404. The single fee system shall additionally include the fee established pursuant to Section 25270.6. Notwithstanding Sections 25143.10, 25201.14, 25287, 25513, and 25535.5, a person who complies with the certified unified program agency's "single fee system" fee shall not be required to pay any fee levied pursuant to those sections, except for transportable treatment units permitted under Section 25200.2.

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- (2) (A) The governing body of the local certified unified program agency shall establish the amount to be paid by each person regulated by the unified program under the single fee system at a level sufficient to pay the necessary and reasonable costs incurred by the certified unified program agency and by any participating agency pursuant to the requirements of subparagraph (E) of paragraph (1) of subdivision (d) of Section 25404.3.
- (B) The secretary shall establish the amount to be paid when the unified program agency is a state agency.
- (3) The fee system may also be designed to recover the necessary and reasonable costs incurred by the certified unified program agency, or a participating agency pursuant to the requirements of subparagraph (E) of paragraph (1) of subdivision (d) of Section 25404.3, in administering provisions other than those specified in subdivision (c) of Section 25404, if the implementation and enforcement of those provisions has been incorporated as part of the unified program by the certified unified program agency pursuant to subdivision (b) of Section 25404.2, and if the single fee system replaces any fees levied as of January 1, 1994, to fund the implementation of those additional provisions.
- (4) The amount to be paid by a person regulated by the unified program may be adjusted to account for the differing costs of administering the unified program with respect to that person's regulated activities.
- (b) (1) Except as provided in subdivision (d), the single fee system instituted by each certified unified program agency shall include an assessment on each person regulated by the unified program of a surcharge, the amount of which shall be determined by the secretary annually, to cover the necessary and reasonable costs of the state agencies in carrying out their responsibilities under this chapter. The secretary may adjust the amount of the surcharge to be collected by different certified unified program agencies to reflect the different costs incurred by the state agencies in supervising the implementation of the unified program in different jurisdictions, and in supervising the implementation of the unified program in those jurisdictions for which the secretary has waived the assessment of the surcharge pursuant to subdivision (d). The certified unified program agency may itemize the amount of the surcharge on any bill, invoice, or return that the agency sends to a person regulated by the unified program. Each certified unified program agency shall transmit all surcharge revenues collected to the secretary on a quarterly basis. The surcharge shall be deposited in the Unified Program Account, which is hereby created in the General Fund and which may be expended, upon appropriation by the Legislature, by state agencies for the purposes of implementing this chapter.
- (2) On or before January 10, 2001, the secretary shall report to the Legislature on whether the number of persons subject to regulation by the unified program in any county is insufficient to support the reasonable and necessary cost of operating the unified program using only the revenues from the fee. The secretary's report shall consider whether the surcharge required by subdivision (a) should include an assessment to be used to

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supplement the funding of unified program agencies that have a limited number of entities regulated under the unified program.

- (c) Each certified unified program agency and the secretary shall, before the institution of the single fee system and the assessment of the surcharge, implement a fee accountability program designed to encourage more efficient and cost-effective operation of the program for which the single fee and surcharge are assessed. The fee accountability programs shall include those elements of the requirements of the plan adopted pursuant to former Section 25206, as it read on January 1, 1995, that the secretary determines are appropriate.
- (d) The secretary may waive the requirement for a county to assess a surcharge pursuant to subdivision (b), if both of the following conditions apply:
 - (1) The county meets all of the following conditions:
- (A) The county submits an application to the secretary for certification on or before January 1, 1996, that incorporates all of the requirements of this chapter, and includes the county's request for a waiver of the surcharge, and contains documentation that demonstrates, to the satisfaction of the secretary, both of the following:
- (i) That the assessment of the surcharge will impose a significant economic burden on most businesses within the county.
- (ii) That the combined dollar amount of the surcharge and the single fee system to be assessed by the county pursuant to subdivision (a) exceeds the combined dollar amount of all existing fees that are replaced by the single fee system for most businesses within the county.
- (B) The application for certification, including the information required by subparagraph (A), is determined by the secretary to be complete, on or before April 30, 1996. The secretary, for good cause, may grant an extension of that deadline of up to 90 days.
- (C) The county is certified by the secretary on or before December 31, 1996.
- (D) On or before January 1, 1994, the county completed the consolidation of the administration of the hazardous waste generator program, the hazardous materials release response plans and inventories program, and the underground storage tank program, referenced in paragraphs (1), (3), and (4) of subdivision (c) of Section 25404, into a single program within the county's jurisdiction.
- (E) The county demonstrates that it will consolidate the administration of all programs specified in subdivision (c) of Section 25404, and that it will also consolidate the administration of at least one additional program that regulates hazardous waste, hazardous substances, or hazardous materials, as specified in subdivision (d) of Section 25404.2, other than the programs specified in subdivision (c) of Section 25404, into a single program to be administered by a single agency in the county's jurisdiction at the time that the county's certification by the secretary becomes effective.
 - (2) The secretary makes all of the following findings:
 - (A) The county meets all of the criteria specified in paragraph (1).

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(B) The assessment of the surcharge would impose a significant economic burden on most businesses within the county.

- (C) The combined dollar amount of the surcharge and the single fee system to be assessed by the county pursuant to subdivision (a) would exceed the combined dollar amount of all existing fees that are replaced by the single fee system for most businesses within the county.
- (D) The waiver of the surcharge for those counties applying for and qualifying for a waiver, and the resulting increase in the surcharge for other counties, would not, when considered cumulatively, impose a significant economic burden on businesses in any other county that does not apply for, or does not meet the criteria for, a waiver of the surcharge.
- (e) The secretary shall review all of the requests for a waiver of the surcharge made pursuant to subdivision (d) simultaneously, so as to adequately assess the cumulative impact of granting the requested waivers on businesses in those counties that have not applied, or do not qualify, for a waiver, and shall grant or deny all requests for a waiver of the surcharge within 30 days from the date that the secretary certifies all counties applying, and qualifying, for a waiver. If the secretary finds that the grant of a waiver of the surcharge for all counties applying and qualifying for the waiver will impose a significant economic burden on businesses in one or more other counties, the secretary shall take either of the following actions:
 - (1) Deny all of the applications for a waiver of the surcharge.
- (2) Approve only a portion of the waiver requests for counties meeting the criteria set forth in subdivision (d), to the extent that the approved waivers, when taken as a whole, meet the condition specified in subparagraph (D) of paragraph (2) of subdivision (d). In determining which of the counties' waiver requests to grant, the secretary shall consider all of the following factors:
- (A) The relative degree to which the assessment of the surcharge will impose a significant economic burden on most businesses within each county applying and qualifying for a waiver.
- (B) The relative degree to which the combined dollar amount of the surcharge and the single fee system to be assessed, pursuant to subdivision (a), by each county applying and qualifying for a waiver exceeds the combined dollar amount of all existing fees that are replaced by the single fee system for most businesses within the county.
- (C) The relative extent to which each county applying and qualifying for a waiver has incorporated, or will incorporate, upon certification, additional programs pursuant to subdivision (d) of Section 25404.2, into the unified program within the county's jurisdiction.
- (f) The secretary may, at any time, terminate a county's waiver of the surcharge granted pursuant to subdivisions (d) and (e) if the secretary determines that the criteria specified in subdivision (d) for the grant of a waiver are no longer met.
- SEC. 24. Section 25503.4 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:

25503.4. (a) The office shall adopt a format that allows persons subject to two or more of the following requirements to meet those requirements in one document:

- (1) The business plan required by this chapter.
- (2) The risk management plan required by Section 25534.
- (3) The contingency plan required by Division 4.5 (commencing with Section 66001) of Title 22 of the California Code of Regulations and by Part 262 (commencing with Section 262.10), Part 264 (commencing with Section 264.1), or Part 265 (commencing with Section 265.1) of Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations.
- (4) The spill prevention control and countermeasure plan required by Section 25270.4.5 and by Part 112 (commencing with Section 112.1) or by Part 300 (commencing with Section 300.1) of Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations.
- (5) Any accident or spill prevention plan or response plan required by Chapter 6.7 (commencing with Section 25280) or by regulations adopted pursuant to that chapter or required by an underground storage tank ordinance adopted by a city or county.
- (6) The interim marine facility oil spill contingency plan required by Section 8670.29 of the Government Code and the marine facility oil spill contingency plan required by Section 8670.31 of the Government Code.
 - (b) The format required by subdivision (a) shall be organized as follows:
- (1) A central element that will enable persons using the format to report information and data common to all of the requirements described in subdivision (a).
- (2) Appendices that will contain the additional information unique to each individual requirement described in subdivision (a).
- (c) The office shall adopt the format required by subdivision (a) in consultation with administering agencies and the Information Management Subcommittee of the Chemical Emergency Planning and Response Commission and in cooperation with the State Water Resources Control Board, the Department of Fish and Game, and the department. The adoption of the format is not subject to Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 11340) of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code and shall be completed by January 1, 1995. To the extent feasible, and within the limits of budgetary constraints, the office, the State Water Resources Control Board, the Department of Fish and Game, and the department shall convene workshops and other public meetings to obtain public assistance on the development of the format.
- SEC. 25. No reimbursement is required by this act pursuant to Section 6 of Article XIIIB of the California Constitution because a local agency or school district has the authority to levy service charges, fees, or assessments sufficient to pay for the program or level of service mandated by this act, within the meaning of Section 17556 of the Government Code.
- SEC. 26. Section 21.5 of this bill incorporates amendments to Section 25404 of the Health and Safety Code proposed by both this bill and AB 558. It shall only become operative if (1) both bills are enacted and become

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effective on or before January 1, 2008, (2) each bill amends Section 25404 of the Health and Safety Code, and (3) this bill is enacted after AB 558, in which case Section 21 of this bill shall not become operative.